## 2018

## STATISTICS

(Major)

Paper : 6.3

## ( Applied Statistics—2)

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer all of the following as directed:  $1 \times 7 = 7$ 
  - (a) What is a control chart?
  - (b) Define the general fertility rate.
  - (c) What does the  $l_x$  column of a complete life table denote?
  - (d) In SQC, when  $\bar{x}$  chart is used?
  - (e) What are the control limits of p-chart?
  - (f) What is epidemiology?
  - (g) AOQL means \_\_\_\_.

( Fill in the blank )

2. Answer all questions:

 $2 \times 4 = 8$ 

- (a) Explain the difference between crude death rate and standardized death rate.
- (b) What are the important sources of demographic data?
- (c) What is the composition of National Statistical Commission?
- (d) Distinguish between tolerance limit and specification limit.

3. Answer any three questions:

5×3=15

- (a) Give the statistical basis of 3-sigma limits.
- (b) Discuss the important highlights of Census 2011.
- (c) Define and describe the terms 'producer's risk' and 'consumer's risk'.
- (d) Distinguish between the central death rate  $(m_x)$ , the probability of death  $(p_x)$  and the force of mortality  $(\mu_x)$  in a life table. Indicate possible interrelationship among these measures.
- (e) In a single sampling plan of attributes with lot size N, sample size n and allowable defective c, how will you obtain the probability of acceptance of the lot if the lot fraction defectives are p? How will you modify the above expression using Poisson approximation?

4. Answer any three questions:

10×3=30

- (a) Discuss different fertility rates comparing their advantages and disadvantages.
- (b) Explain the fitting of logistic curve by a suitable method.
- (c) Describe the various components of a life table. How is the expectations of life at birth determined from a life table? How can it be calculated from census data?
- (d) For  $\overline{X}$  and R charts, discuss the following:
  - (i) Statistical basis of construction
  - (ii) Inference from the charts
- (e) What is understood by SQC? Discuss briefly its need and utility in industry.
- (f) What are stationary and stable populations? Discuss and differentiate between the two.

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