2019

STATISTICS

(Major)

Paper: 5.3

(Applied Statistics-I)

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Answer the following questions as directed:

 $1 \times 7 = 7$

(a) Purpose of measuring trend is to have the knowledge of past behaviour of the factor which is responsible for persistent growth or decline.

(State True or False)

- (b) Define random fluctuations in a time series.
- (c) What do you mean by demand for a commodity?

- (d) Suppose the price of wheat in India in 1970 was ₹95 per quintal and in 1969 it was ₹80 per quintal. What is the price relative of wheat for 1970?
- (e) Cost of living index number is based on wholesale prices.

(State True or False)

- (f) Which is a random variable in the simple linear model $Y = \alpha + \beta X + U$ and by what name it is known?
- (g) When are two variables called homoscedastic?
- **2.** Answer the following questions: $2\times4=8$
 - (a) Mention the main steps in the construction of wholesale index numbers.
 - (b) Write the null and alternative hypothesis for testing the significance of the regression coefficient of the explanatory variable in the model $Y = \alpha + \beta X + U$.
 - (c) The demand and supply function of a commodity are given by

$$D = 14 + 5p - p^2$$
 and $S = 3p - 1$

Find the equilibrium price and the quantity exchanged.

- (i) A strike in steel industry
- (ii) Sales of new year greeting cards
- (iii) Price of gold over last 50 years
- (iv) The expenditure of political parties in days of election

3. Answer any three of the following questions:

5×3=15

- (a) What are moving averages? Discuss how they are useful in the analysis of economic time series.
- (b) From the fixed base index numbers given below, prepare chain base index numbers:

 Year
 : 1969
 1970
 1971
 1972
 1973
 1974

 Index Nos.
 : 200
 220
 240
 250
 280
 300

(c) The demand function of a commodity is given by

$$D = \sqrt{\left(\frac{4-p}{5}\right)}$$

For what value of D, the elasticity of demand η_p will be 1?

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- (d) Set out the test for the significance of X in the simple linear model $Y = \alpha + \beta X + U$ in analysis of variance framework.
- (e) What do you understand by econometrics? Write a note on scope and limitations of econometrics.
- 4. (a) (i) Describe the errors involved in the measurement of price and quantity index numbers. Explain how you will control them.
 - (ii) Write a note on index number of industrial production. 6+4=10

Or

- (b) Explain Engel's law and different forms of Engel's curve. Also find demand elasticity of these forms with respect to income.

 4+6=10
- 5. (a) (i) What do you mean by Lorenz curve and concentration ratio? Explain.
 - (ii) Describe various tests involved in index numbers. 6+4=10

Or

(b) Discuss various methods of determination of trend in a time series with merits and demerits.

- **6.** (a) Write notes on the following (any two): $5\times2=10$
 - (i) Autocorrelation
 - (ii) Pareto's law of income distribution
 - (iii) Coefficient of determination

Or

(b) Estimate the parameters of the linear model $Y = \alpha + \beta X + U$. Show that $E(\hat{\alpha}) = \alpha$, $E(\hat{\beta}) = \beta$, where $\hat{\alpha}$ and $\hat{\beta}$ are least square estimators for α and β . Also find standard errors of $\hat{\alpha}$ and $\hat{\beta}$. 3+3+4=10
