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3 (Sem-1/CBCS) CHE HC2

2021 (Held in 2022)

CHEMISTRY

(Honours)

Paper: CHE-HC-1026

(Physical Chemistry-I)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following as directed: $1\times7=7$
 - (a) The compressibility factor for hydrogen and helium gases is less than one at all pressures. (State True or False)

- (b) A real gas obeying the van der Waals' equation will closely resemble an ideal gas, if
 - (i) the parameters a and b are small
 - (ii) a is large but b is small
 - (iii) a is small but b is large
 - (iv) both a and b are large (Choose the correct option)
- (c) A free falling liquid drop is spherical. Explain why.
- (d) Define the term 'plane of symmetry' in crystal system.
- (e) State the law of constancy of interfacial angles.
- (f) Explain why an aqueous solution of Na_2CO_3 is alkaline.
- (g) pH of $1.0 \times 10^{-8}MHCl$ solution is not 8. Explain.
- 2. Answer the following questions: 2×4=8
 - (a) Explain why real gases deviate from ideal behaviour.

- (b) Viscosity of liquids generally decreases while that of gases increases with increase in temperature. Give reasons.
- - (d) Calculate pH of a $1.0 \times 10^{-5}M$ NaOH solution at 298K.
- 3. Answer any three of the following questions: 5×3=15
- (a) (i) Derive van der Waals' equation for n moles of a gas.
- (ii) Under what conditions a van der Waals' gas behaves ideally? 1
 - (b) Define critical constants of a gas. Derive the relations expressing the critical constants of a gas in terms of van der Waals' constants.
- (c) (i) Define surface tension of a liquid.
 Give the SI unit of surface tension.
 How does surface tension of a liquid vary with temperature?

- (ii) At 293K, $1.0 \times 10^{-5}m^3$ of water gave 29 drops and same volume of diethyl ether gave 86 drops from the same stalagmometer. At the same temperature density of water is $1.0 \times 10^3 kg m^{-3}$ and that for diethyl ether is $7.0 \times 10^2 kg m^{-3}$. Also at 293K surface tension for water is 72 dyne cm^{-1} . Calculate the surface tension of diethyl ether at 293K.
 - (d) Explain the symmetry elements of crystal belonging to simple cubic system.
 - (e) Write the dissociation equilibria for a dibasic acid H₂A in aqueous solution.
 Establish a relation for the dissociation equilibria constant.
- 4. Answer any three of the following questions: 10×3=30
 - (a) (i) Enumerate the assumptions of kinetic theory of gases.
 - (ii) Derive the fundamental kinetic gas equation.

- (iii) Calculate the temperature at which root mean square velocity of N_2 molecules will be $1000ms^{-1}$.
- (b) (i) Derive the reduced equation of state from van der Waals' equation.

 What is the law of corresponding states?

 4+2=6
 - (ii) The reduced volume and reduced temperature of a gas are 10·2 and 0·7 respectively. If the critical pressure of the gas is 42·56 bar, calculate its pressure.
- (c) (i) Explain the theory of experimental determination of surface tension of a liquid by drop number method.
 - (ii) Explain the effect of addition of various types of solutes on the surface tension of a liquid. 4
 - (iii) Explain why at the boiling point of a liquid temperature does not rise although this is being heated.

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- (d) (i) Derive Bragg's equation. 4
 - (ii) X-rays of wavelength 0·15nm are used in an X-ray diffraction experiment. First order diffraction is observed when the angle of incidence is 10·02°. Calculate the interplanar distance in the crystal used.
 - (iii) What are liquid crystals? Mention one use of liquid crystal. 3
- (e) (i) What is point defect in a crystal? Explain Schottky and Frenkel defects. Give examples.

2+(2+2)+1=7

- (ii) Sketch 100 planes of a cubic lattice.
- (iii) Explain why Schottky defects decrease the density of crystals.

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(f) (i) Show the variation of pH with volume of base added during titration of strong acid with strong base and titration of weak acid with strong lease.

(ii) What are acid-base indicators? Explain a theory to explain the behaviour of indicator in acid-base titration. 2+4=6