3 (Sem-6/CBCS) PHY HC 1

2022 PHYSICS

(Honours)

Paper: PHY-HC-6016

(Electromagnetic Theory)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer any seven questions: 1×7=7
 - (a) What is a plane wave?
 - (b) Why cannot a plane wave propagate in a conducting medium without attenuation?
 - (c) What do you mean by scaler potential?

- (d) In propagation of EM wave the relation between wave vector and electric field intensity is given as $\vec{k} \cdot \vec{E} = 0$. What does this equation signify?
- (e) How are refractive index, magnetic permeability and electric permittivity related?
- (f) What is polarizing angle?
- (g) Define reflection co-efficient.
- (h) What do you mean by anisotropic medium?
- (i) What is a wave guide?
- (i) Draw the path of light through graded index fibre.

- 2. Answer **any four** of the following questions: 2×4=8
 - (a) We know that intensity of a light source is given by $1.33 \times 10^{-3} E_0^2$ where E_0 is electric field intensity. Also intensity of the source is power per unit area. What is the electric field intensity of a laser beam of 10^5 watt with beam cross-sectional area 10^{-6} square cm?
 - (b) What is the physical significance of displacement current?
 - (c) When a plane polarised EM wave is incident on the interface of two dielectrics, which components of \vec{E} and \vec{D} and also \vec{B} and \vec{H} are continuous?

- (d) What is evanescent wave?
- (e) What is the function of a half-wave plate?
- (f) Give one example each of uniaxial and biaxial crystals.
- (g) What do you mean by specific rotation of a liquid?
- (h) Give the differences between single mode and multiple mode fibres.
- 3. Answer **any three** of the following questions: 5×3=15
 - (a) State the four Maxwell's equations and write their physical significances.
 - (b) Construct the electromagnetic wave equation in free space. What is its velocity?

- (c) Show that for a plane wave in conducting medium propagation vector is complex.
- (d) How will you use Babinet compensator to analyse polarization of light?
- (e) What are transverse electric and transverse magnetic modes of EM wave in a waveguide?
- (f) Derive an expression of numerical aperture for an optical fibre.
- (g) Define optic axis in terms of wave surface.
- (h) Derive an expression for plasma frequency.
- 4. Answer any three of the following questions: 10×3=30
 - (a) Defining Poynting vector. Establish the fact that the rate of decrease of total energy is equal to joule loss plus the net flow out of the surface enclosing the volume.

- (b) What are gauge transformations? Find the conditions of Lorentz gauge and Coulomb gauge. 2+(6+2)=10
- (c) Derive Fresnel's relation for EM wave with \vec{E} perpendicular to the plane of incidence with proper diagram.
- (d) Estimate the proportion of incident power which is transmitted when a plane wave with frequency 10 GHz is incident onto a slab of thickness 8 mm and dielectric constant 2.5.
- phenomenon of total internal reflection for electric vector polarised perpendicular to plane of incidence.
 What is skin depth? Derive its expression for a conducting medium.

6+1+3=10

- (f) How can you produce and analyse circularly and elliptically polarized lights? Explain with relevant ray diagram. (2+2+2+2)+2=10
- (g) Explain how you will measure specific rotation of a liquid by half shade polarimeter.
- (h) How will you determine the angle at which energy must be coupled into a dielectric waveguide?

7