#### 3 (Sem-3/CBCS) STA HC 1

### 2022 STATISTICS

(Honours)

Paper: STA-HC-3016

#### (Sampling Distributions)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

## The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer **any seven** of the following questions:  $1 \times 7 = 7$ 
  - (a) If X and Y are two independent chi square variates with  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  d.f. respectively, then U = X/Y follows
    - (i)  $\beta_2(n_1/2, n_2/2)$
    - (ii)  $\beta_1(n_1, n_2)$
    - (iii) F distribution
    - (iv) None of the above (Choose the correct option)

- (b) The skewness in a chi-square distribution will be zero, if
  - (i)  $n \to \infty$
  - (ii) n=0
  - (iii) n=1
  - (iv) n < 0

(Choose the correct option)

- (c) Level of significance is the probability of
  - (i) type I error
  - (ii) type II error
  - (iii) not committing error
  - (iv) Any of the above (Choose the correct option)
- (d) Student's t-test is applicable in case of
  - (i) small samples
  - (ii) samples of size between 5 and 30
  - (iii) large samples
  - (iv) None of the above (Choose the correct option)

- (e) Equality of two population variances can be tested by
  - (i) t-test
  - (ii) F-test
  - (iii) Both (i) and (ii)
  - (iv) Neither (i) nor (ii)

(Choose the correct option)

- (f) Test of hypothesis  $H_0: \mu = 70$  vs  $H_1: \mu > 70$  leads to
  - (i) one sided left tailed test
  - (ii) one sided right tailed test
  - (iii) two tailed test
  - (iv) None of the above (Choose the correct option)
- (g) Degress of freedom for statistic  $\chi^2$  in case of contingency table of order (2×2) is
  - (i) 3
- (ii) 4
  - (iii) 2 Male as brice second bas
  - (iv) 1 and the more set made. Adv

(Choose the correct option)

(h)	Analysis	of	variance	utilises
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- (i) F-test
- (ii)  $\chi^2$ -test
- (iii) Z-test
- (iv) t-test

(Choose the correct option)

- (i) If β is the probability of type II error, the power of the test is \_\_\_\_\_.
  (Fill in the blank)
- (i) Critical region is also known as \_\_\_\_\_.

  (Fill in the blank)
- (k) t-distribution with 1 d. f. reduces to (Fill in the blank)
- (l) The value of chi square varies from \_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_ (Fill in the blanks)

# 2. Answer any four questions of the following:

- (a) A random sample of size 4 is drawn from the discrete uniform distribution  $P(X=x)=\frac{1}{6}$ ; x=1,2,3,4,5,6Obtain the distribution of the smallest
- and largest order statistic.

  (b) Obtain the moment generating function of chi square distribution.

- (c) Define sampling distribution and standard error.
- (d) State the applications of order statistics.
- (e) Under what conditions is  $\chi^2$  test valid?
- (f) State the important applications of F distributions.
- (g) Define critical region and level of significance.
- (h) State the applications of t-distribution.
- 3. Answer **any three** of the following questions: 5×3=15
  - (a) Derive Fisher's t-distribution.
  - (b) For 2×2 contingency table  $\begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix}$ , prove that chi square test of independence given  $\chi^2 = N(ad bc)^2, \ N = a + b + c + d.$ (a+c)(b+d)(a+b)(c+d)
  - (c) Show that the mgf of  $y = \log \chi^2$ , where  $\chi^2$  follows chi square distribution with n df is

$$M_Y(t) = 2^t \overline{\left(\frac{n}{2} + t\right)} / \overline{\left(\frac{n/2}{2}\right)}$$

(d) Show that for t-distribution with n df the mean deviation about mean is

$$\sqrt{n} \left\lceil \frac{n-1}{2} \middle/ \left\lceil \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right\rceil \frac{n}{2} \right\rceil$$

- (e) There are two populations and  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  are the proportions of members in the two populations belonging to 'low income' group. It is desired to test the hypothesis  $H_0: P_1 = P_2$ . Explain clearly, the procedure that you would follow to carry out the above test at 5% level of significance.
- (f) Let  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_n$  be a random sample from N(0,1). Define  $\overline{X}_k = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^k X_i$  and

$$\overline{X}_{n-k} = \frac{1}{n-k} \sum_{i=k+1}^{n} X_i$$

Find the distribution of

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{2}\left(\overline{X}_k + \overline{X}_{n-k}\right)$$

(b) 
$$k \overline{X}_{k}^{2} + (n-k) \overline{X}_{n-k}^{2}$$

- (g) Show how probability points of  $F(n_2, n_1)$  can be obtained from those of  $F(n_1, n_2)$ .
- (h) For the exponential distribution  $f(x) = \overline{e}^X$ ,  $x \ge 0$ ; show that the c.d.f. of X(n) in a random sample of size n is  $F_n(X) = (1 e^{-x})^n$ .
- 4. Answer **any three** of the following questions: 10×3=30
  - (a) If  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are two independent  $\chi^2$ -variates with  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  df respectively, then show that  $X_1/X_2$  is a  $\beta_2(n_1/2,n_2/2)$  variate.
  - (b) Find the variance of the t-distribution with  $n \, df \, (n > 2)$ .
  - (c) Derive the relation between F and  $\chi^2$  distribution.
  - (d) Derive Snedecor's F distribution.

(e) X is a binomial variate with parameters n and p and  $f_{v_1,v_2}$  is an F-statistic with  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  df. Prove that

$$P(X \le k-1) = P\left[f_{2k}, 2(n-k+1) > \left(\frac{n-k+1}{k}\right)\left(\frac{p}{1-p}\right)\right]$$

- If  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are independent  $\chi^2$ -variates with  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  df respectively and  $U = X_1/(X_1 + X_2)$  and  $V = X_1 + X_2$  are independently distributed, show that U is a  $\beta_1\left(\frac{n_1}{2},\frac{n_2}{2}\right)$  variate and V is a  $\chi^2$  variate with  $(n_1 + n_2)$  df.
- (g) Express the constants  $y_0$ , a and m of the distribution  $dF(x) = y_0 (1 x^2/a^2)^m dx, -a < x < a$  in terms of its  $\mu_2$  and  $\beta_2$ .
- (h) If the random variables  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are independent and follow chi-square distribution with n df, show that  $\sqrt{n}(X_1-X_2)/2\sqrt{X_1X_2}$  is distributed as student's t with df independently of  $(X_1+X_2)$ .

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