### 3 (Sem-1/CBCS) ANT HC2

#### 2022

#### ANTHROPOLOGY

(Honours)

Paper: ANT-HC-1026

## (Introduction to Socio-Cultural Anthropology)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

# The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Choose the correct answers from the following: (any seven) 1×7=7
  - (a) How many branches of Anthropology are there?
    - (i) 4
    - (ii) 3
    - (iii) 2
    - (iv) 1

- (b) Political anthropology is a branch of
  - (i) physical anthropology
  - (ii) socio-cultural anthropology
  - (iii) pre-historic archaeology
  - (iv) linguistic anthropology
- (c) Kinship is studied under
  - (i) familial anthropology
  - (ii) political anthropology
  - (iii) economic anthropology
  - (iv) linguistic anthropology
- (d) A family composed of parents with married and unmarried children is
  - (i) nuclear family
  - (ii) patrilocal family
  - (iii) joint family
  - (iv) None of the above
- (e) Marriage outside the same groups is
  - (i) hypergamy marriage
  - (ii) hypogamy marriage
  - (iii) exogamy marriage
  - (iv) endogamy marriage

- (f) The smallest part of culture is
  - (i) culture trait
  - (ii) culture complex
  - (iii) culture area
  - (iv) culture focus
- (g) Enculturation is
  - (i) assimilation with other culture
  - (ii) borrowing culture traits from other culture
  - (iii) gradual development of culture
  - (iv) learning about culture from the elders
- (h) Acculturation is
  - (i) integration of culture
  - (ii) assimilation with other culture
  - (iii) accepting the culture of the dominant group
  - (iv) None of the above
- (i) Author of the book, History of Human Marriage is
  - (i) L. H. Morgan
  - (ii) Westermark
  - (iii) Franz Boas
  - (iv) E. B. Tylor

- (i) Who conducted extensive fieldwork among the 'Trobriand Islanders'?
  - (i) A. C. Hadon
  - (ii) Franz Boas
  - (iii) B. Malinowske
  - (iv) W. H. R. Rivers
- (k) Aunt is a
  - (i) primary kin
  - (ii) secondary kin
  - (iii) tertiary kin
  - (iv) None of the above
- (1) In participant observation method
  - (i) research observes occasion from distance
  - (ii) researcher interviews the natives
  - (iii) researcher distributes questionnaires among the natives
  - (iv) researcher takes part in the occasion.

- 2. Answer the following in very short: (any four)
  - (a) Mention the branches of socio-cultural anthropology.
  - (b) Write two importances of studying socio-cultural anthropology.
  - (c) What is material culture.
  - (d) Write two features of interview method.
  - (e) What is ethnography?
  - (f) Who are primary kin?
  - (g) What is marriage by negotiation?
  - (h) Patrilocal family means what?
  - 3. Write short notes on **any three** of the following:  $5\times 3=15$ 
    - (a) Family of orientation and family of procreation.

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- (b) Witchcraft
- (c) Kinship terminology

- (d) Exogamy and endogamy marriage
- (e) Observation method
- (f) Acculturation
- (g) Homeopathic magic
- (h) Patriarchy and matriarchy
- 4. Answer any three questions: 10×3=30
  - (a) Define Social Anthropology. Discuss its relationship with other branches of Anthropology.
  - (b) What is society? Discuss the characteristic features of the society.
  - (c) Define culture and describe its relationship with civilisation.
  - (d) What is family? Discuss its different forms.
  - (e) What do you mean by marriage?

    Describe different forms of marriage.

- (f) Define kinship and describe different kinship behaviours prevalant in premitive societies.
- (g) Write about the importance of fieldwork in Anthropology.
- (h) What is magic? Describe its different forms with suitable examples.