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3 (Sem-1/CBCS) GLG HC 2

2022

**GEOLOGY**

(Honours)

Paper : GLG-HC-1026

**(Mineral Science)**

Full Marks : 60

Time : Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.***

1. Choose the correct answer : **(any seven)**

1×7=7

- (a) Which of the following is NOT true with respect to crystals ?
- (i) Homogeneous solid
  - (ii) Irregular interval arrangement of ions/atoms
  - (iii) Bounded by plane surfaces
  - (iv) Translational periodicity

Contd.

(b) The ratios of intercepts which a crystallographic face makes on the different axes is called

- (i) index
- (ii) notation
- (iii) parameter
- (iv) None of the above

(c) Which of the following crystal class does not belong to the isometric system ?

- (i) Diploidal class
- (ii) Tetartohedral class
- (iii) Trapezohedral class
- (iv) Hextetrahedral class

(d) Which of the following is not a factor which directly influences atomic substitution ?

- (i) Density
- (ii) Temperature
- (iii) Ionic radii
- (iv) Nature of structure

(e) When an entire sheet of ions in a crystal has an irregular crystalline environment, the defect is referred to as

- (i) point defect
- (ii) plane defect
- (iii) line defect
- (iv) None of the above

(f) The number of intersection points in a stereographic projection for a horizontal rotational axis is

- (i) one
- (ii) two
- (iii) three
- (iv) four

(g) Which of the following is best suited for minerals ?

- (i) Inorganic substances
- (ii) Have definite chemical composition
- (iii) Have fixed atomic structure
- (iv) Have all of the above characteristics

(h) How many cleavage sets are present in the mineral quartz ?

- (i) One
- (ii) Two
- (iii) Three
- (iv) None of the above

(i) Tectosilicates are three-dimensional framework of tetrahedra, with

- (i) all four oxygen atoms shared
- (ii) any three oxygen atoms shared
- (iii) any two oxygen atoms shared
- (iv) it is not certain

(j) The refractive index of Canada balsam is —

- (i) 1.33
- (ii) 1.43
- (iii) 1.54
- (iv) 1.77

(k) Double refraction phenomenon is shown by

- (i) isotropic substances only
- (ii) anisotropic substances only
- (iii) Both isotropic and anisotropic substance
- (iv) None of the above

(l) The order of interference colour is determined by

- (i) Quartz plate
- (ii) Gypsum plate
- (iii) Mica plate
- (iv) Calcite plate

2. Answer **any four** of the following questions :  
2×4=8

- (a) Differentiate between crystalline and amorphous substances.
- (b) If the parameters of a crystal face is  $|a : 2b : c|$ , calculate the Miller index.
- (c) Write the formula of *two* isomorphous compounds.

- (d) Write down the symmetry elements present in the normal class of the Hexagonal system.
- (e) Write short note on Mohs scale of hardness.
- (f) Briefly describe the classification of minerals.
- (g) Write a short account on Extinction of minerals.
- (h) Explain shortly on accessory plates.

3. Answer **any three** of the following questions :  $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) Differentiate between parameters and indices. Write on the usage of commas in Miller's indices. Show that the values of indices and parameters are inversely proportional.  $2+1+2=5$
- (b) Describe the various symmetry elements present in a crystal.
- (c) What is a solid solution ? Differentiate between interstitial and omission solid solution.  $2+3=5$
- (d) What is a point defect ? Describe the various types of point defects.  $2+3=5$

- (e) Distinguish between CCP and HCP structures. Give suitable diagrams.  $3+2=5$

- (f) Define mineral. What are the physical properties of minerals ?  $2+3=5$

- (g) Describe briefly the interference figure of an uniaxial mineral. What do you mean by flash figure ?  $4+1=5$

- (h) Define optical indicatrix. Describe with sketches positive and negative indicatrices.  $1+4=5$

4. Answer **any three** of the following questions :  $10 \times 3 = 30$

- (a) Describe the crystallographic axial orientation that are characteristic of the different crystal systems. Draw suitable sketches.  $7+3=10$

- (b) Describe the various forms which are grouped under the hexoctahedral class of the isometric system. Mention the general indices of the different forms.  $7+3=10$

- (c) Define coordination number. Describe the various types of coordination that are exhibited by crystal structures.  $2+8=10$

(d) Describe the crystal structure of halite (NaCl). Provide representative sketches.

8+2=10

(e) Give a brief account on the structures of silicate minerals. Illustrative with suitable sketches.

6+4=10

(f) Describe the physical, chemical and optical properties of *either* PYROXENE GROUP or AMPHIBOLE GROUP of minerals.

3+3+4=10

(g) Write a note on the process of determination of optic axial angle with suitable sketch.

(h) Define optic sign of a mineral. How can the optic sign of uniaxial minerals be determined ?

2+8=10