3 (Sem-5/CBCS) BOT HC 2

2022

BOTANY

(Honours)

Paper: BOT-HC-5026

(Plant Physiology)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer **any seven** from the following:

 1×7=7
 - (a) The apoplast and symplast of a plant are:
 - (i) living and dead parts respectively
 - (ii) both living parts
 - (iii) both dead parts
 - (iv) dead and living parts respectively

- (b) The sieve tubes contain several types of fibrillar proteins called
 - (i) G-proteins
 - (ii) S-proteins
 - (iii) P-proteins
 - (iv) X-proteins
- (c) Foolish seedling disease of rice is caused by the fungus _____.

 (Fill in the blank)
- (e) The two components of florigen are:
 - (i) kinetin and anthesin
 - (ii) gibberellin and anthesin
 - (iii) gibberellin and brasinosteroid
 - (iv) anthesin and ethylene
- (f) Calmodulin contains
 - (i) calcium and magnesium
 - (ii) calcium and sugar
 - (iii) calcium and lipid
 - (iv) calcium and protein

- (g) In water stressed plant, the cells will have
 - (i) relatively more negative water potential
 - (ii) less negative water potential
 - (iii) no water potential
 - (iv) None of the above
- (h) Aquaporins are formed in cell membrane by
 - (i) integral membrane proteins
 - (ii) peripheral membrane proteins
 - (iii) phospholipids
 - (iv) None of the above
- (i) Blocking of a xylem vessel or tracheid by an air bubble is called as
 - (i) cavitation
 - (ii) embolism
 - (iii) hydraulic discontinuity
 - (iv) None of the above

- Cohesive force of water is due to presence of
 - hydrogen bonds between water molecules
 - covalent bonds between water molecules
 - (iii) hydrogen bonds between water and components of xylem walls
 - (iv) None of the above
- (k) Phototropins are ____ proteins. (Fill in the blank)
- Magnesium is an important component
 - (i) chlorophylls
 - phaeophytin
 - cytochromes (ii)
 - (iv) All of the above
- Write briefly on any four of the following: $2 \times 4 = 8$
 - (a) Sand culture
 - Difference between active and passive absorption

- Cytokinin (c)
- Antitranspirants (d)
- Adsorption (e)
- Difference between apoplast and (f) symplast
- Phytochrome genes (g)
- Chelating agents (h)
- Write short notes on any three of the 5×3=15 following:
 - Richmond and Lang effect
 - Source sink relationship (b)
 - Hydroponics (c)
 - Co-transport (d)
 - Donnan equilibrium (e)
 - Proton ATPase Pump (f)
 - Photoinductive cycle (g)
 - Jasmonic acid (h)

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4. Answer any three of the following:

10×3=30

- (a) What is water potential? Describe its various components. 3+7=10
- (b) Discuss the mechanism of absorption of mineral salts by plants. How does it differ from absorption of water?

6+4=10

(c) Write about the occurrence, availability, physiological role and deficiency symptoms of Nitrogen in plants.

1+1+4+4=10

(d) What is phloem transport? Describe the pressure flow model to explain the mechanism of phloem transport.

3+7=10

(e) What is phytohormone? Mention the different kinds of phytochrome. Describe at least one member of each class of phytohormone with particular reference to its structure and function.

2+2+3+3=10

(f) What is florigen concept? Describe its role in stimulating flowering in different types of photoperiod sensitive plants.

7+3=10

(g) What are the criteria of essentiality of elements? Narrate briefly the various functions of essential elements.

5+5=10

(h) Describe the starch-sugar hypothesis and K⁺ pump theory of stomatal movement. 5+5=10