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3 (Sem-6/CBCS) STA HC 2

2023

STATISTICS

(Honours)

Paper : STA-HC-6026

***(Multivariate Analysis and
Non-parametric Methods)***

Full Marks : 60

Time : Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate
full marks for the questions.***

1. Answer the following questions as directed :

1×7=7

- (a) Write down the probability density function of the bivariate normal distribution.
- (b) The characteristic function of the multivariate normal distribution having the mean vector \underline{Q} and variance covariance matrix I , is _____.

(Fill in the blank)

Contd.

(c) Non-parametric tests can be used only if the measurements are

- (i) nominal or ordinal
- (ii) ratio scale
- (iii) interval scale
- (iv) interval and ratio scale

(Choose the correct option.)

(d) Statement : Non-parametric test does not make any assumption regarding the form of the population. The statement is

- (i) True
- (ii) False

(Tick the correct answer)

(e) If the correlation coefficient (r), is zero for a bivariate normal distribution, then the variables are

- (i) dependent
- (ii) independent
- (iii) uncorrelated but dependent
- (iv) partly dependent

(f) Let \underline{X} (with p -components) be distributed according to $N(\underline{\mu}, \Sigma)$. Then $\underline{Y} = C\underline{X}$ is distributed according to

- (i) $N(\underline{\mu}, C\Sigma C')$ for singular C
- (ii) $N(C\underline{\mu}, \Sigma)$ for C non-singular
- (iii) $N(C\underline{\mu}, C\Sigma C')$ for C non-singular
- (iv) $N(O, I)$

(g) Define partial correlation coefficient.

2. Answer the following questions : $2 \times 4 = 8$

(a) Explain the test for randomness.

(b) Find $\text{Cov}(A\underline{X}, B\underline{Y})$ where A, B are matrices of constant elements.

- (c) Let $\underline{X} = \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{pmatrix}$. If X_1 and X_2 are independent and $g(\underline{x}) = g^{(1)}(x_1)g^{(2)}(x_2)$, prove that

$$E(g(\underline{X})) = E[g^{(1)}(X_1)] E[g^{(2)}(X_2)]$$

- (d) Describe the advantages and drawbacks of the non-parametric methods over parametric methods.

3. Answer **any three** questions from the following : 5×3=15

- (a) For a bivariate distribution

$$f(x, y) = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{1-p^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2(1-p^2)}(x^2 - 2pxy + y^2)\right],$$

$$-\infty < (x, y) < \infty.$$

Find the conditional distribution of Y given X .

- (b) Let (X, Y) be a bivariate normal random variable with $E(X) = E(Y) = 0$, $V(X) = V(Y) = 1$ and $Cov(X, Y) = P$. Find the probability density function (pdf) of $Z = Y/X$.

- (c) For a multivariate normal distribution $N(\underline{\mu}, \Sigma)$, if $\underline{\mu} = \underline{0}$ and

$$\Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.80 & -0.40 \\ 0.80 & 1 & -0.56 \\ -0.40 & -0.56 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find the partial correlation between X_1 and X_3 given X_2 .

- (d) Write a short note on principal component analysis.
(e) Describe the sign test for one sample.

4. Answer **either (a) or (b)** : 10

- (a) Write a note on Hotelling T^2 mentioning its applications. Prove that Hotelling T^2 is invariant under a non-singular linear transformation.

$$4+6=10$$

Or

(b) For a bivariate normal distribution

$$dF = k \exp \left[-\frac{2}{3} (x^2 - xy + y^2 - 3x + 3y + 3) \right] dx dy,$$

find —

(i) the value of K ;

(ii) marginal distribution of Y ;

(iii) expectation of the conditional distribution of Y given X .

5. Answer **either (a) or (b)** :

10

(a) Describe explicitly the Kruskal-Wallis test with example.

Or

(b) Write a note on Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test for non-parametric methods.

6. Answer **either (a) or (b)** :

10

(a) Prove that if X_1, X_2, \dots, X_P have a joint normal distribution, a necessary and sufficient condition for one subset of the random variables and the subset consisting of the remaining variables to be independent is that each covariance of a variable from one set and a variable from the other set is 0 (zero).

Or

(b) Derive the pdf of bivariate normal distribution as a particular case of multivariate normal distribution.