3 (Sem-1/CBCS) MAT HC 1

2023

MATHEMATICS

(Honours Core)

Paper: MAT-HC-1016

(Calculus)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following questions: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) Write down the *n*th derivative of e^{ax} .
 - (b) When a function f is said to be concave up on any open interval I?

- (c) Choose the correct answer:

 Profit is maximized
 - (i) when marginal revenue equals marginal cost
 - (ii) when marginal revenue is bigger than marginal cost
 - (iii) when marginal revenue is less than marginal cost
- (d) Write a difference between Disk method and Washer method.
- (e) When a vector function $\vec{F}(t)$ is said to be continuous at t_0 ?
- (f) Write Kepler's second law of planetary motion.
- (g) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$
- 2. Answer the following questions: 2×4=8
 - (a) Differentiate *n* times the equation $(1+x^2)y_2 + (2x-1)y_1 = 0$

(b) Evaluate

$$\underset{x \to +\infty}{Lt} \sqrt{\frac{3x-5}{x-2}}$$

- (c) Parameterize the curve $r = 2 \cos^3 \theta$.
- (d) Determine the following vectors are orthogonal or not:

$$\vec{u} = 3\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$$
$$\vec{v} = \hat{j} - \hat{k}$$

3. Answer any three of the following:

(a) Evaluate the following using L'Hôpital's rule

(i)
$$\underset{x\to\infty}{Lt} \frac{x^4}{e^4}$$

(ii)
$$\underset{x\to 0}{Lt} \left(\frac{x-\sin x}{x^3} \right) .$$

(b) A manufacturer estimate that when x units of a particular commodity are produced each month, the total cost (in dollars) will be

$$C(x) = \frac{1}{8}x^2 + 4x + 200$$

and all units can be sold at a price of P(x)=49-x dollars per unit. Determine the price that corresponds to the maximum profit.

- (c) Find the area of the top half $(0 \le \theta \le \pi)$ of the cardioid $r = 1 + \cos \theta$.
- (d) Find the tangential and normal components of acceleration of an object that moves with position vector

$$\vec{R}(t) = t\,\hat{i} + t^2\,\hat{j}$$

(e) Find the volume of the parallelepiped determined by the vectors

$$\vec{u} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{v} = -4\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} - 11\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{w} = 5\hat{i} + 9\hat{j} - \hat{k}$$

Answer **either** a **or** b from the following questions: $10 \times 3 = 30$

- 4. (a) (i) State and prove Leibnitz's rule. 2+4=6
 - (ii) If $y = tan^{-1}y$ prove that $(1+x^2)y_{n+1} + 2xny_n + n(n-1)y_{n-1} = 0$
 - (b) (i) Find the points of inflexion for the function

$$f(x) = 3x^5 - 5x^3 + 2 5$$

(ii) Determine whether the graph of the given function has a vertical tangent or cusp

$$f(x) = x^{\frac{2}{3}}(2x+5)$$

5. (a) (i) A regular pyramid has a square base of side L and its apex located H units above the center of its base. Derive a formula for its volume V.

- (ii) Let D be the solid region bounded by the parabola $y = x^2$ and the line y = x. Find the volume of the solid generated when D is revolved about the line y = 2.
- (b) (i) If $\phi(x) = \int_{0}^{\pi/4} tan^{n} x dx$, show that $\phi(n) + \phi(n-2) = \frac{1}{n-1}$ and deduce the value of $\phi(5)$. 2+3=5
 - (ii) Evaluate $\int \frac{\sin^4 x}{\cos^2 x} dx$ 5
- 6. (a) (i) Suppose an object moves along a smooth curve C with position function $\vec{R}(t) = \langle x(t), y(t), z(t) \rangle, \text{ where } \vec{R}'(t) \text{ is continuous on the interval } (t_1, t_2). \text{ Then show that the object has speed } ||\vec{R}'(t)||. 3+3=6$

- (ii) Position vector of a moving object is $\vec{R}(t) = \langle e^t, \sqrt{2t} + 3, e^{-t} \rangle$ Find the speed of the object at time t and compute the distance the object travels between times t = 0 to t = 1.
- (b) (i) Prove that acceleration of an object moving with constant speed is always orthogonal to the direction of motion.
 - (ii) Find the tangential and normal components of the acceleration of an object that moves with position vector

$$\vec{R}(t) = (t^3, t^2, t).$$