## 2019

## ANTHROPOLOGY

(Major)

Paper: 6.3

## ( Social Anthropology )

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Give very short answerss to the following:

 $1 \times 7 = 7$ 

- (a) Who is the founder of the 'Asiatic Society of Bengal'?
- (b) Name the author of the book, A Philosophy for NEFA.
- (c) Who wrote the book, Rise of Anthropology in India?
- (d) Name one scheduled caste of Assam.

- (e) According to Indian ethics, what is the ultimate goal of human life?
- (f) In India, anthropological studies began from 1920/1774.

  (Choose the correct option)
- (g) Jajmani system indicates a set of contractual/marital/political relations.
   ( Choose the correct option )
- **2.** Give short answers to the following:  $2\times4=8$ 
  - (a) Name the various phases of the history of Indian Anthropology.
  - (b) Mention two instances of India's diversity.
  - (c) Name two hill tribes of Assam.
  - (d) Mention two important salient features of Indian joint family.
- **3.** Answer any three of the following:  $5\times 3=15$ 
  - (a) Write in brief about 'dominant caste'.
  - (b) Discuss in brief five important characteristics of tribe in Indian context.

- (c) What are the various factors responsible for bringing changes to Indian caste system? Discuss briefly.
- (d) Who is S. C. Roy? Write in brief about his contribution to Indian Anthropology.
- (e) Write briefly about the development of social anthropological research in India during the colonial period.
- 4. Answer the following questions: 10×3=30
  - (a) What is Varnashram? Discuss the various stages of Varnashram.

Or

What is Purushartha? Discuss in detail about the different stages of Purushartha.

(b) Discuss the basic features of Indian caste system. Also discuss the merits and demerits of Indian caste system.

Or

Define peasant. Discuss in detail about the features of peasant in India. (c) Give a brief account of the significant contribution of M. N. Srinivas to Indian Anthropology.

Or

Give an overview of the emergence, growth and development of Anthropology in India.

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