## 3 (Sem-3) GEL M 1

## 2018

## GEOLOGY

(Major)

Paper: 3.1 (Theory)

## ( Structural Geology and Geotectonics )

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Choose the correct answer from the following: 1×7=7
  - (a) The shearing stress is denoted by
    - (i) o (sigma)
    - (ii) ρ (rho)
    - (iii)  $\phi$  (phi)
    - (iv) τ (tau)
  - (b) The true dip direction of a bed is N 30° W, the strike direction of that will
    - (i) S 30° E
    - (ii) S 30° W
    - (iii) N 60° E
    - (iv) S 60° E

- (c) Most folding is caused by what type of tectonic forces?
  - (i) Compressive forces
  - (ii) Tensional forces
  - (iii) Shearing forces
  - (iv) Tectonic forces
- (d) The outline of columnar joints may be
  - (i) triangular
  - (ii) square
  - (iii) hexagonal
  - (iv) Either of the above
- (e) Reverse faults result when
  - (i) maximum stress (o1) is vertical
  - (ii) mean stress (o2) is vertical
  - (iii) minimum stress (o3) is vertical
  - (iv) maximum and mean stresses are vertical
- (f) The parallelism of some directional properties in the rock is known as
  - (i) foliation
  - (ii) lineation
  - (iii) cleavage
  - (iv) bedding

- (g) Dauki fault is a
  - (i) high-angle thrust fault
  - (ii) low-angle thrust fault
  - (iii) normal fault
  - (iv) graben and horst structure
- 2. Write on any four of the following:

2×4=8

- (a) Penecontemporaneous structure
- (b) Pure shear and simple shear
- (c) Crenulation foliation
- (d) Detachment fault
- (e) Transform fault
- 3. Write on any three of the following:

5×3=15

- (a) Mohr's stress circle
- (b) Ramsay's classification of folded layers
- (c) Boudinage and mullion structure
- (d) Hot spots and mantle plumes

4. What is geosyncline? Write a note on origin and formation of mountains based on geosyncline theory.

2+8=10

Or

Explain briefly the continental drift hypothesis and seafloor spreading theory with suitable diagrams.

5. What is non-diastrophic structure? Explain how non-diastrophic structures are useful to determination of top and bottom or direction of younging of layered rocks.
2+8=10

Or

Explain briefly about different types of normal fault. Write a note on genetic classification of fault.

5+5=10

6. Write short notes on any *two* of the following:  $5\times2=10$ 

- (a) Disjunctive foliation
- (b) Causes and mechanics of folding
- (c) Different types of unconformity

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